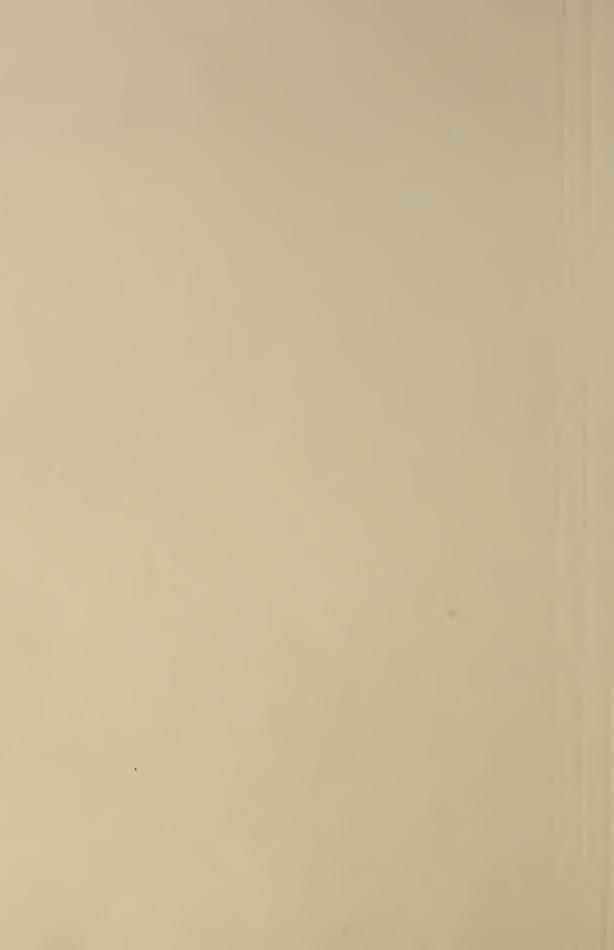
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KELSEY'S HARDY AMERICAN PLANTS

62,39

AUGUST PLANTING OF EVERGREENS IBRARY



Photo by H. P. K.

THE CAROLINA HEMLOCK (Tsuga caroliniana)

"Its dense dark foliage, sweeping semi-pendulous branches and eventually pyramidal form, combine to give a charm not found in any other evergreen known to cultivation." See full description, Page 7. Prices, Page 19.

RHODODENDRONS, MOUNTAIN LAUREL, FIRS, SPRUCES, HEMLOCKS, ARBORVITAES, PINES, RED CEDARS, JUNIPERS, LEUCOTHOES, ETC.

HARLAN P. KELSEY, Owner, SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS BOXFORD NURSERY AT EAST BOXFORD, MASSACHUSETTS

AUGUST PLANTING

OF SPECIMEN CONIFERS (CONE-BEARING EVERGREENS) AND BROADLEAF EVERGREENS

AT

BOXFORD NURSERY, EAST BOXFORD, MASS.

OFFICE, SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS

- 1. Adds a new and convenient month to the planting season.
- 2. Saves a year's growth, becoming fully established before winter.
- 3. Is highly successful, particularly for the larger material for immediate effects.
- 4. Relieves the heavy pressure of the short Fall and Spring seasons.

August and early September planting of Evergreens is now an established practice at the best nurseries. All of our plants are handled with a ball and burlaped, and planted by our successful "water-method."

(Azaleas and similar Ericaceous Shrubs may also be moved in August if it is done properly, and splendid flowering results are thus attainable the ensuing season.)

Evergreens, both Conifers and Broadleaf, may be safely planted in autumn and spring if properly done, but August stands pre-eminently as the best month in the year for results.

Boxford Nursery, East Boxford P. O., has hundreds of thousands of specimens to select from. We deliver by truck up to 200 miles or more.

A visit to Boxford Nursery is worth your while. Good automobile roads lead from all points to East Boxford (3 minutes from Boxford Station, B. & M. R. R.), Address Harlan P. Kelsey, Owner, Salem, Mass.



Rhododendron catawbiense var. compacta

The splendid new compact form from the highest peaks of the Alleghanies. Introduced exclusively by Harlan P. Kelsey. Photo taken at Boxford Nursery; showing a block of perfect specimens just coming into bloom. See description, page 9. Prices, page 18.

SHORT DESCRIPTIONS

ABIES concolor. Concolor Fir.

Foliage blue-green to blue-gray with broad needles, charming purple or yellow cones. A wonderfully beautiful, long-lived tree.

fraseri. Fraser Fir.

Dark-green, thickset foliage, blue underneath; compact, pyramidal habit. One of our choicest Evergreens especially for New England shore planting. The only permanent "Balsam Fir." Thousands of perfect specimens up to 16 feet. This is a specialty at Boxford Nursery, and we can supply in car lots for mass planting or to the Nursery Trade.

homolepis.

Very distinctive rare Fir, horizontal branches, dark glossy foliage.

veitchi. Veitch Fir.

Strong-growing, ironclad Fir, making a most striking lawn specimen or in groups. Bright green foliage, silver-blue underneath. This rare conifer should be in every collection.

CHAMAECYPARIS (Retinispora) obtusa.

Small graceful tree with "Japanese" effect; bright green foliage. Fine also for low-clipped hedge.

CHAMAECYPARIS obtusa nana.

Very dwarf Japanese Evergreen; picturesque effect. Dark-green shiny foliage, densely tufted.

JUNIPERUS chinensis pfitzeriana.

One of our choicest and hardiest dwarf "spreading" evergreens of the "feathery spray" type.

communis depressa. New England Savin.

The best Juniper for ground cover. Forms vary from completely "prostrate" to the "ascending" bushy types. It is at home on sandy or gravelly hillsides in full sun exposure, or in quite dense shade. Single plants will often reach a diameter of 15 feet or more. It is the hardy type that gives such charm to New England hillsides. Often a beautiful bronze in autumn and winter, and studded with bright blue fruit. Invaluable for landscape plantings.

sabina. Savin.

Semi-erect dwarf, very bushy; fine among rocks and boulders and for borders.

sabina tamariscifolia. Grev Carpet Juniper.

Trailing species with feathery grey "sprays" of foliage. A beautiful rockery plant and for edgings.

virginiana. Red Cedar.

Pyramidal habit; dark-green to bluish foliage, with many variable forms. This is one of the most useful and characteristic trees of our native landscapes. It rivals the Italian Cypress in beauty, is absolutely hardy, and stands sea exposure well. Fruit dark-blue and conspicuous, hanging until mid-winter. For many effects it is the most useful evergreen for northern latitudes. This is a specialty at Boxford Nursery, and we can supply trees up to 30 feet. We have made many notable plantings of large Cedars with uniform success.

virginiana glauca. Blue-Red Cedar.

Striking type with blue-green foliage.

PICEA alcockiana. Alcock Spruce.

A striking spruce, with blue-green foliage effects.

canadensis (alba). White Spruce.

Compact pyramidal growth, with aromatic silver-grey foliage. For seashore planting it is unexcelled, and for northern latitudes is highly recommended for single lawn specimen, massing or for forest.

engelmanni. Engelmann Spruce.

Rocky Mountain evergreen with narrow-pyramidal form of great beauty.

engelmanni glauca. Blue Engelmann Spruce.

Form with silvery-blue foliage.

excelsa. Norway Spruce.

This well-known spruce varies greatly in type, some with very picturesque pendulous branches, and others again of upright growth. A most beautiful conifer, especially where not crowded.

omorika.

Rare and very beautiful. Needles are unusual and conspicuous with white marking. One of the most charming conifers as grown in Arnold Arboretum.

orientalis. Oriental Spruce.

A graceful spruce, with wide, roundish pyramidal form of slow growth. Much used in Japanese gardens.

PICEA pungens. Green Colorado Spruce.

Extremely hardy and well known for its peculiar horizontal whorls of branches and stiff needles. Stands salt air well.

pungens glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce.

Blue form, very conspicuous.

pungens kosteri. Koster Blue Spruce.

Variety with brilliant blue foliage. Propagated by grafting on the green type. Our stock is strictly true to original and unusually well-formed specimens.

PINUS banksiana. Banks Pine.

Quick grower and easy to transplant. Fine, ornamental and very useful for reclaiming "abandoned" or poor soils.



Solid block of 10,000 CAROLINA HEMLOCKS at Boxford Nursery

cembra. Cembrian Pine.

A "dwarf White Pine." This charming species cannot be too highly recommended for rockeries or hillsides, or where space is limited and one wishes to have the soft feathery foliage effect of the beautiful common but large-growing White Pine. We have hundreds of beautiful specimens—narrow, dense pyramids.

densiflora. Japanese Red Pine.

Hardy and of distinctive habit. Very free from diseases and insects, and one of the coming Pines for landscape work and woodlands. A fine stock.

flexilis. Limber Pine.

Of the "White Pine section," from the Rocky Mountains. Picturesque dwarf habit, silver foliage, and especially choice for the rocky hillside and in small Pinetums.

PINUS montana. Swiss Mountain Pine.

A "bush" dwarf Pine, with dark-green foliage. Rarely attains 10 to 12 feet, diameter equaling height. Invaluable.

montana mughus. Mugho Pine.

The most useful dwarf Pine for rockeries, ground-cover, and positions where a low-spreading, dark-green effect is needed. Boxford Nursery has thousands of specimens from a few inches to several feet in diameter. The Mugho Pine cannot be too highly recommended.

nigra austriaca. Austrian Pine.

Of the "Black Pine" group, and one of the most beautiful ornamental conifers. Rapid growth and stately habit, the dark-green foliage densely covering the branches. A fine stock of specimen trees.

ponderosa. Bull Pine.

This Western species is extremely hardy, with striking dark-green, long needles. Fine for forestry planting or as a specimen.

pungens. Table Mountain Pine.

From the Southern Alleghanies. Spined cones remain on tree indefinitely, giving a curious and picturesque effect. The growth is quite "Japanesy."

resinosa. Red Pine.

One of our most valuable native Pines, for ornamental or forestry purposes. Long, lustrous green needles, densely tufted. Considered by many even superior to the Austrian Pine. Incorrectly called "Norway" Pine.

rigida. Black Pine.

The common Pine of our New England hillsides—very picturesque.

strobus White Pine

This native Pine is easily the king of American conifers, both as an ornamental and as a forestry tree. We have thousands of specimens up to 12 feet. Special prices on large quantities for park or forestry purposes.

sylvestris. Scotch Pine.

Of rapid growth, with attractive reddish bark and bright green foliage of bluish tinge.

thunbergi. Japanese Black Pine.

A very distinctive species with handsome, broad, pyramidal head and orange-yellow branch-lets.

PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi. Douglas Fir.

This is one of our most beautiful Rocky Mountain Firs. Very rapid in growth. Soft, lively green foliage, dense habit and in the Northwest becoming a giant forest tree.

douglasi glauca. Blue Douglas Fir.

Form with silvery-blue foliage.

TAXUS canadensis. Canadian Yew.

Hardy ground cover, invaluable for the open or in shade. Bright red berries. In autumn the foliage turns a rich bronze where exposed to the sun.

cuspidata. Japanese Yew.

The only strictly hardy, upright growing Yew for the North. Very dark-green foliage. cuspidata brevifolia.

Dwarfer and more compact than the type. Japanese effect.

THUJA occidentalis. American Arborvitae.

Fine for hedges or for specimen planting. Becomes a dense, broad pyramid, the bright green foliage turning bronze in winter.

occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitae.

Of narrow columnar form, much used in formal gardens.



Photo by H. P. K.

Mass of RHODODENDRONS with Hemlock background at Arnold Arboretum

TSUGA canadensis. Canadian Hemlock.

Our beautiful common Hemlock, and one of the most conspicuous of our Eastern mountain conifers.

caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock.

This grand new species is now universally accepted as the "Queen of American Evergreens." Introduced by Harlan P. Kelsey in 1884, it has become known to tree lovers as the most distinctive and graceful of all conifers which are hardy throughout the entire United States.

Its dense, dark foliage, sweeping semi-pendulous branches, and eventually pyramidal form, combine to give a charm not found in any other evergreen known to cultivation. It is much hardier and more adaptable to city atmospheres than its plainer sister, the Canadian Hemlock, and will also thrive in southern latitudes where the latter becomes thin, yellow and unsightly.

It is the "coming Evergreen" for the finest landscape plantings, either as a single specimen or for mass effects and backgrounds and for hedges.

After the disastrous spring and winter of 1917–18, Prof. C. S. Sargent, Director of Arnold Arboretum, says of this tree: "Numerous specimens of the Carolina Hemlock (Tsuga caroliniana) have been uninjured by the cold and drought of the year. This is one of the handsomest of all

cone-bearing trees which can be grown in this part of the country." And, again, in the Nov. 10, 1919, Bulletin of the Arnold Arboretum: "The handsomest of the Hemlocks which can be grown in Massachusetts and now one of the most beautiful trees in the Arboretum is a native of the Southern Appalachian Mountains, Tsuga caroliniana."

At Boxford Nursery we have over 30,000 trees, all specimens, regardless of size.



Young Rhododendrons, Azaleas and Mountain Laurel grown by tens of thousands at Boxford Nursery

RHODODENDRONS, MOUNTAIN LAUREL and other BROADLEAF EVERGREENS FOR AUGUST and EARLY AUTUMN PLANTING

Send for "The Successful Rhododendron Bed"; it tells how.

RHODODENDRON catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron.

Of the Carolina Mountains. The hardiest of all Rhododendrons. It was this magnificent Rhododendron that over a hundred years ago was introduced into Europe, supplying, together with Rhododendron maximum, color and hardy blood to the cultivated "hybrids," but with a consequent loss of hardiness; and so today, for American gardens, where ironclad hardiness is essential, we must turn to the true original species, found on the loftiest, coldest peaks of the Southern Alleghanies, where it attains a height of 20 to 30 feet. Considering its extreme hardiness, color of flower, compact growth and remarkable texture of foliage, which is a deep, shining green, and far superior to the better-known Rhododendron maximum, we can recommend the true native catawbiense as the finest for general use, withstanding exposure and extremes of

temperature where other Rhododendrons fail. Unlike Rhododendron maximum, it is a very free bloomer, with foliage of a dark, rich, lasting green. The trusses are a bright red-purple (in marked contrast to the muddy purple of the semi-hardy, half-breed imported variety), and as sent out by Boxford Nursery is always on its own roots. For massing to produce a broadleaf evergreen landscape effect there is no plant equal to it in the latitude of the Northern United States and Canada, where strictly hardy plants must be employed.



The true RHODODENDRON CATAWBIENSE. Red-purple The finest foliaged of all Rhododendrons

RHODODENDRON catawbiense var. compacta.



Typical clump of RHODODENDRON CATAWBIENSE var. compacta.

New introduction of Harlan P. Kelsey. A very compact-growing form from the highest peaks of the Southern Alleghany Mountains, with dark-green foliage, entirely distinct from the catawbiense type in usual cultivation. We offer this for the first time in perfect specimens.

catawbiense hybrids.

We have only the hardiest sorts. They are becoming difficult to secure, owing to Federal Quarantine regulations shutting out all foreign-grown stock.



Rhododendron carolinianum in the border with background of Conifers

carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendon.

The smallest Alleghanian species, though it often attains a height of 15 feet and is widespreading. A very graceful shrub, with totally different aspect from the other native Rhododendrons. Leaves darkgreen, usually blunt and narrow, covered with rusty dots below; much smaller than either maximum or catawbiense. Flower clusters appear in greatest profusion in June, covering the plant with a brilliant rose-colored mantle. Fine for rocky slopes or hillsides, standing exposure unusually well, and invaluable as a single specimen or for massing with other species.



The rare RHODODENDRON CAROLINIANUM
A beautiful clear pink

RHODODENDRON maximum. Great American Rosebay.

Perfectly hardy in the latitude of Quebec.

Rhododendron maximum is without doubt the noblest of American broadleaf shrubs. It is found growing sparingly in New England and New York, more abundantly in the Pennsylvania mountains, but reaching perfection only in the high, cold Southern Alleghany Mountains, where



RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM. Typical flower cluster

it grows in such luxuriance as to form a striking feature in the mountain landscape. Its large, waxy white, or delicately pink flowers appear in large trusses in late June and July, the latest of all the Rhododendrons, greatly enhancing its ornamental value as a broadleaf evergreen for finished landscape effect.

Not even in Asia do Rhododendrons grow more luxuriantly than in our Southern Alleghany Mountains, where they attain a height of 30 feet or more. They must be seen in their native lavishness of growth and bloom on the mountainsides or hanging over the dashing ice-cold streams and waterfalls, to be properly appreciated, and a trip to the high Carolina mountains in spring and early summer is a never-to-be-forgotten series of joys to the lover of nature. My stock is direct from its native habitat.

KALMIA latifolia. Mountain Laurel.

One of the grandest of our native broadleaf evergreen shrubs, attaining tree-like proportions in our Southern mountains. In cultivation it is a broad, thick shrub, and, when in full bloom, of surpassing beauty. The wheel-shaped flowers in close terminal corymbs, pure white to pink, appear in May or June in such profusion as almost to smother the foliage. shining leaves, conspicuous the year round, make it a shrub of greatest value for massing. The hardiness of Kalmia latifolia is beyond doubt, it being found sparingly in Nova Scotia, and increasingly in abundance through New England and the middle Atlantic states (particularly in the higher altitudes), till the crest of the Southern Alleghanies is reached.



MOUNTAIN LAUREL

Rhododendron catawbiense, R. maximum and Mountain Laurel "Collected Clumps" by the Carload

For the area covered and effect produced a carload of Rhododendrons or Kalmias is the cheapest landscape proposition offered. I ship an unusual grade of splendid clumps, each plant a specimen and burlaped separately. Don't accept cheap stock, thrown into cars without burlaping and with the fine, hair-like rootlets inevitably exposed. You will be disappointed and find it expensive in the end. While fine results may be had from collected Rhododendrons, particularly if purchased from a reliable source, where greatest care is used in digging and handling, results are never so sure as when nursery-grown stock is used. "Collected" Rhododendrons and Kalmias delivered at your station by the carload. To be shipped from point determined by me.

Send for information and prices.



Specimen Concolor Firs at Boxford Nursery

RHODODENDRON laetevirens (wilsoni).

Hardy, dwarf, compact Rhododendron of garden origin. Bears a profusion of deep rose-colored flowers.

myrtifolium. Myrtleleaf Rhododendron.

A fine, hardy hybrid between R. punctatum and R. hirsutum. This variety is very useful for the rockery, and the borders of the Rhododendron bed. Covered with clusters of deep rosypink flowers.



Block of Pinus mughus specimens at Boxford Nursery

Other Hardy Broadleaf Evergreens

ANDROMEDA polifolia.

A beautiful dwarf species of our Northern bogs. Grows well in rich borders. Dainty bell-flowers of delicate pink.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS uva-ursi. Bearberry.

This delightful trailing plant is invaluable for seashore and other ground cover planting, forming solid dense mats of green. Thrives in sandy soil when established. Difficult to transplant unless pot-grown plants are used.

CHAMAEDAPHNE calyculata. Leatherleaf.

2 to 3 feet. A fine, hardy border plant for the Rhododendron bed or very moist locations. White, nodding flowers in leafy racemes in early spring.

DAPHNE cneorum. Garland Flower.

Trailing evergreen, glossy narrow leaves and a profusion of bright pink fragrant flowers in May and often again in August.

EUONYMUS radicans. Climbing Euonymus.

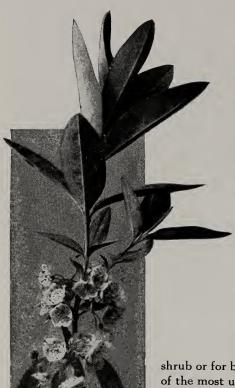
Invaluable for Rhododendron edging where it will make a close evergreen mat, or for background against a wall.

radicans carrieri.

Large, light-green foliage-rapid grower.

radicans vegetus.

Very large-leaf type of the preceding species. Strong grower.



ILEX glabra. Inkberry.

A native Holly with black shining berries in the fall. The small dark-green foliage is very attractive.

KALMIA angustifolia. Narrowleaf Laurel.

2 to 4 feet. Makes a fine, ground cover. A charming, dwarf sort of the same general character as *latifolia*, forming dense, low clumps. In early spring showy clusters of wheel-shaped, deep rose-colored flowers.

LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium. Sand Myrtle.

A dainty low shrub with small, narrow evergreen leaves, and in May or early June profusely covered with white heath-like flowers set with pink stamens.

LEUCOTHOE catesbaei. Leucothoe.

3 to 8 feet. Few shrub evergreens of the broadleaf sort have the grace of this one. The thick, shining green leaves are evenly disposed on long recurved branches with dense racemes of beautiful, white, bell-shaped flowers. As an under-

shrub or for banks and borders of streams it is without a rival. One of the most useful of all evergreens for edging the Rhododendron or Azalea plantation. The sprays make beautiful winter decorations indoors, turning a rich bronze in the fall where exposed to the sun. Thousands of specimen clumps at Boxford Nursery.

KALMIA ANGUSTIFOLIA

PACHYSANDRA terminalis.

A low shrub largely used as a ground cover in dense shade and for edging of shrubberies. Foliage glossy, light green.

PIERIS (Andromeda) floribunda. Andromeda.

2 to 4 feet. One of the finest of all broadleaf American shrubs. Compact growth, with shining evergreen leaves and abundant racemes of showy white flowers in May. The next season's buds appear after the flowering season and give the plant the appearance of being in bloom the year round. My stock is all strictly American-grown.

PRICE LIST

Specimen Broadleaf and Coniferous Evergreens for August and Autumn Planting

Note. The *net prices quoted* are for good specimens at Boxford Nursery, East Boxford P. O., Massachusetts, and include balling and burlaping on all trees over 2 feet and shrubs over 18 inches. Boxing where necessary charged at reasonable prices.

We advise truck delivery where at all possible, placing stock directly and quickly on ground to be planted, and usually the cost is but little higher than freight and express rates, which are now notoriously exorbitant and service slow and unsatisfactory.

Complete Catalog of Hardy American Plants, Evergreens, Deciduous Trees and Shrubs, Vines, Hardy Herbaceous Perennials, Ferns, etc.

Special quotations and estimates gladly given for large plantings of Pines, Firs, Spruces, Rhododendrons, Mountain Laurel, etc., for parks and woodland plantations. We carry out complete such plantings at reasonable cost of plans, supervision and labor. Customers thus get the benefit of expert service and are assured of satisfactory results.

Extra Specimens, specially selected, are priced accordingly.

ABIES concolor. Concolor Fir.	CHAMAECYPARIS (Retinispora) obtusa.
Each 10 100	Each 10 100
18 to 24 in\$2 00 \$18 00 \$165 00	12 to 18 in\$1 50 \$12 00 \$90 00
2 to 3 ft 3 25 30 00 270 00	18 to 24 in 2 00 18 00 165 00
3 to 4 ft 4 50 40 00	obtusa nana.
4 to 5 ft 7 00	Each
5 to 16 ft. specimens \$8 00 to \$125 00 each	12 to 18 in\$3 00
fraseri. Fraser Fir.	2 to 2½ ft 6 00
Each 10 100	CHAMAEDAPHNE calyculata. Leatherleaf.
3 to 4 ft \$2 50 \$22 00 \$200 00	Each 10
4 to 5 ft 3 50 32 00 300 00	12 to 18 in.
5 to 6 ft 5 00 40 00 360 00	clumps\$.60 \$5 00
6 to 8 ft 7 00 64 00 600 00	DAPHNE cneorum. Garland Flower.
	Each 10 100
homolepis.	10 to 12 in\$1 00 \$8 00
18 to 24 in\$3 00 \$28 00	JUNIPERUS chinensis pfitzeriana.
2 to 3 ft 5 00 44 00	Each
4 to 8 ft. specimens \$8 00 to \$25 00 each	18 to 24 in\$5 00
veitchi. Veitch Fir.	communis depressa. New England Savin.
Each 10	Each 10 100
12 to 18 in\$2 60 \$24 00	2 to 3 ft\$2 00 \$18 00 \$165 00
2 to 3 ft 6 00 54 00	3 to 4 ft 3 00 27 00 255 00
3 to 4 ft 8 00	4 to 5 ft 5 00 44 00 420 00
5 to 16 ft. specimens \$10 00 to \$60 00 each	sabina. Savin.
ANDROMEDA polifolia.	Each 10 100
Fach 10 100	6 to 9 in\$1 50 \$12 00 \$90 00
6 to 12 in\$.50 \$4 40 \$40 00	sabina tamariscifolia. Grey Carpet Jun-
	iper.
ARCTOSTAPHYLOS uva-ursi. Bearberry	Each 10
Each 10 100	12 to 18 in\$3 00 \$27 00
2 in. pots\$.80 \$7 60 \$60 00	3 to 4 ft 6 00

PRICE LIST, continued

	DICEA -l Al I C	
JUNIPERUS scopulorum. Each 10	PICEA alcockiana. Alcock Spruce.	
9 to 12 in\$1 00 \$8 00	3 to 4 ft \$4 00	
γιο 12 ΙΙΙ φτ σσ φσ σσ	4 to 5 ft 5 00	
virginiana. Red Cedar.	canadensis. White Spruce.	
Each 10 100	Each 10	100
2 to 3 ft\$1 50 \$12 00 \$100 00	1 to 2 ft \$1 50 \$12 00	\$90 00
3 to 4 ft 2 50 22 00	2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00	165 00
4 to 5 ft 3 50 30 00	3 to 4 ft 2 50 22 00	
5 to 6 ft 5 00 40 00	4 to 5 ft 3 50 32 00	
6 to 7 ft 7 00 64 00	5 to 6 ft 5 00 44 00	
7 to 8 ft 10 00 90 00	6 to 7 ft 8 00 76 00	
8 to 9 ft 12 50 112 00	7 to 8 ft10 00 90 00	
9 to 10 ft 18 00 160 00	8 to 9 ft 12 00 112 00	
10 to 12 ft20 00 180 00	9 to 10 ft15 00 140 00	
12 to 14 ft 30 00 270 00	10 to 12 ft 20 00 180 00	
14 to 16 ft35 00 320 00	12 to 14 ft 25 00 224 00	
	14 to 15 ft30 00	
virginiana glauca. Blue Red Cedar. Each 10	engelmanni. Engelmann Spruce.	
4 to 5 ft\$5 00	Each 10	100
5 to 6 ft 7 50 70 00	12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$8 00	\$60 00
7 10 0 11 7 30 70 00	18 to 24 in 1 50 12 00	100 00
virginiana schotti.	2 to 3 ft 2 20 20 00	
Fach 10	l · l · Di · l	
3 to 4 ft \$4 00 \$36 00	engelmanni glauca. Blue Engelma Spruce.	ann
	Each 10	
KALMIA augustifolia. Narrowleaf Laurel.	12 to 18 in\$2 00 \$18 00	
Each 10 6 to 12 in\$.50 \$4 00	18 to 24 in 3 00 27 00	
0 το 12 ΙΙ φ. 50 φτ 00	excelsa. Norway Spruce.	
latifolia. Mountain Laurel.	Each 10	100
Each 10 100	12 to 18 in\$.50 \$4 00	\$36 00
9 to 12 in. clumps \$1 25 \$10 00 \$90 00	18 to 24 in75 6 00	54 00
12 to 18 in. clumps 1 75 16 00 144 00	2 to 3 ft 1 50 12 00	110 00
18 to 24 in. clumps 3 00 28 00 240 00	3 to 4 ft 2 50 22 00	
2 to 3 ft. clumps 4 00 36 00 340 00	omorika.	
3 to 4 ft. clumps 5 50 50 00	Each	
	7 to 8 ft \$20 00	
LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium. Sand Myrtle.	orientalis. Oriental Spruce.	
Each 10 9 to 12 in. spread \$.75 \$6 00	Each 10	
12 to 18 in. spread 1 00 9 00	2 to 3 ft \$4 00 \$36 00	
12 to 10 m. spicad 1 00 7 00	3 to 4 ft 6 00	
LEUCOTHOE catesbaei. Leucothoe.	pungens. Green Colorado Spruce.	
Each 10 100	Each 10	100
12 to 18 in. clumps \$1 00 \$8 60 \$80 00	12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$8 00	\$70 00
18 to 24 in. clumps 1 50 14 00 120 00	18 to 24 in 1 50 12 00	90 00
2 to 3 ft. clumps 2 25 20 00 192 00	2 to 3 ft 2 50 22 00	
2 to 3 ft. extra clumps 3 50 30 00 270 00	3 to 4 ft 4 00 36 00	
DACHIVCANDDA	4 to 5 ft 5 00 44 00	
PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Each 10 100	5 to 6 ft 7 00 64 00 6 to 7 ft 9 00 80 00	
Each 10 100 Strong\$.40 \$3 00 \$20 00)() or -b
- 20.0ς	7 to 15 ft. specimens \$10 00 to \$50 0	o each

PRICE LIST, continued

PICEA pungens glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce.	PINUS montana. Swiss Mountain Pine.
Each 10	18 to 24 in\$2 00 \$18 00 \$160 00
12 to 18 in \$2 80 \$24 00	
18 to 24 in 3 60 32 00	
2 to 3 ft 5 20 48 00	3 to 4 ft 6 00 55 00
3 to 4 ft 8 00	montana mughus. Mugho Pine.
pungens kosteri. Koster Blue Spruce.	Each 10 100
Each 10	12 to 18 in. spread \$1 25 \$10 00 \$90 00
12 to 18 in\$3 00 \$28 00	18 to 24 in. spread 2 00 18 00 150 00
18 to 24 in 4 00 38 00	2 to 3 ft. spread 4 00 36 00 300 00
2 to 3 ft 6 00 56 00	3 to 4 ft. spread 7 00 64 00 550 00
3 to 4 ft 9 00 86 00	3 to 11t. spread 7 00 04 00 350 00
4 to 5 ft 15 00 140 00	nima anataina Alai Di
5 to 6 ft20 00 180 00	nigra austriaca. Austrian Pine.
6 to 7 ft 25 00 236 00	Each 10 100
7 to 9 ft \$30 00 to \$50 00 each	2 to 3 ft \$1 75 \$16 00 \$130 00
	3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 250 00
PIERIS (Andromeda) floribunda.	4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00
Andromeda.	5 to 6 ft 6 40 60 00
Each 10 100	6 to 7 ft 9 00 84 00
12 to 18 in clumps \$1 75 \$16 00\$140 00	
18 to 24 in. clumps 2 75 26 00 236 00	ponderosa. Bull Pine.
2 to 3 ft. clumps 3 75 36 00	Each 10 100
PINUS banksiana (divaricata). Banks Pine.	2 to 3 ft \$2 00 \$18 00 \$150 00
Each 10 100	3 to 4 ft 4 00 36 00
3 to 4 ft \$1 25 \$8 00 \$60 00	4 to 5 ft 6 00 50 00
4 to 6 ft 2 00 16 00 120 00	5 to 6 ft 8 00 70 00
6 to 8 ft 4 00 36 00	6 to 8 ft10 00 90 00
8 to 10 ft 7 00 64 00	
10 to 12 ft 10 00 90 00	pungens. Table Mountain Pine.
12 to 14 ft12 50 100 00	Each 10
14 to 16 ft 15 00 140 00	6 to 8 ft \$4 00 \$36 00
	8 to 9 ft 6 00 50 00
cembra. Cembrian Pine.	9 to 10 ft10 00 80 00
Each 10 190	10 to 12 ft 15 00
18 to 24 in\$2 50 \$22 00 \$200 00	10 10 12 10 1111
2 to 3 ft 3 50 32 00	resinosa. Red Pine.
3 to 4 ft 5 00 45 00	
4 to 5 ft 8 00 75 00	Each 10 100
densiflora. Japanese Red Pine.	2 to 3 ft \$1 75 \$16 00 \$140 00
Each 10 100	3 to 4 ft 2 50 20 00 180 00
2 to 3 ft \$1 50 \$12 00 \$90 00	4 to 5 ft 4 00 36 00 320 00
3 to 4 ft 2 50 20 00 180 00	5 to 6 ft 6 00 50 00 400 00
4 to 5 ft 3 50 30 00 250 00	6 to 7 ft 8 00 70 00
5 to 6 ft 5 00 44 00 350 00	at the DL-L Disc
6 to 8 ft 8 00 70 00 550 00	rigida. Black Pine.
	Each 10 100
flexilis. Limber Pine.	5 to 6 ft \$4 00 \$36 00 \$300 00
Each 10 100	6 to 8 ft 6 00 50 00 450 00
2 to 3 ft \$2 00 \$18 00 \$150 00	8 to 10 ft10 00 80 00
3 to 4 ft 3 00 27 00	10 to 12 ft 12 50

PRICE LIST, continued

White Pine.	Speci	al prices
tities for fore	stry pui	poses or
Each	10	100
\$.75	\$6 00	\$50 00
1 25	10 00	80 00
3 00	24 00	200 00
6 00	50 00	400 00
10 00	80 00	
tch Pine.		
Each	10	100
\$1 00	\$7 50	\$60 00
1 50	12 00	105 00
4 00	36 00	320 00
6 00	50 00	450 00
10 00	90 00	750 00
12 00	116 00	
15 00	120 00	
panese Black	Pine.	
Each	10	100
\$. 75	\$5 00	\$40 00
	10 00	90 00
2 00	18 00	165 00
	Each\$.75 1 25 3 00 6 00 10 00 tch Pine. Each \$1 00 1 50 4 00 10 00 12 00 15 00 panese Black Each \$.75 1 25	\$.75 \$6 00 1 25 10 00 3 00 24 00 6 00 50 00 10 00 80 00 tch Pine. Each 10 \$1 00 \$7 50 1 50 12 00 4 00 36 00 6 00 50 00 10 00 90 00 12 00 116 00 15 00 120 00 panese Black Pine. Each 10 \$75 \$5 00 1 25 10 00

PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi.	Douglas Fir.
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	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in	.\$.75	\$6 00	\$44 00
18 to 24 in	. 1 25	10 00	90 00
2 to 3 ft	. 1 75	16 00	140 00
3 to 4 ft	. 2 75	24 00	220 00
4 to 5 ft	. 3 50	32 00	
5 to 6 ft	. 5 00	44 00	
6 to 7 ft	. 7 00	64 00	
7 to 8 ft	. 8 00	76 00	
8 to 9 ft	.10_00	96 00	

douglasi glauca. Blue Douglas Fir.

							La	ıcn
2	to	3	ft.			. :	\$4	00
3	to	4	ft.				6	00
4	to	6	ft.				8	00

RHODODENDRON carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendron.

	E	ach	10)
12 to 18 in. clumps	\$2	50	\$22	00
18 to 24 in. clumps	4	00	38	00
2 to 3 ft. clumps	6	00	56	00

RHODODENDRON catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron.

	Ea	ch		10	100	
9 to 12 in. clumps	\$1	25	\$12	005	100	00
12 to 18 in. clumps	- 1	75	16	00	150	00
18 to 24 in. clumps	2	75	26	00	220	00
2 to 3 ft. clumps	4	00	38	00	350	00
3 to 4 ft. clumps	6	00	56	00	540	00
4 to 5 ft. clumps	9	00	86	00		
5 to 6 ft. clumps	12	50				

catawbiense hybrids.

	Ea	ach	10	0	100	
12 to 18 in	.\$2	50	\$24	00	\$220	00
18 to 24 in	. 3	50	34	00	320	00
24 to 30 in	. 5	00	48	00		

The following varieties in stock:

album grandiflorum	Hannibal
album elegans	H. H. Hunnewell
caractacus	Henry W. Sargent
catawbiense album	Ignatius Sargent
Charles Dickens	Lady Clermont
Charles S. Sargent	Mrs. Milner
delicatissimum	purpureum elegans
E. S. Rand	roseum elegans
F. D. Godman	roseum luteum
giganteum	

catawbiense var. compacta. New Introduction.

	Ea	ch	10		100	
9 to 12 in. clumps \$	31	50	\$14	00\$	120	00
12 to 18 in. clumps	2	00	18	00	160	00
18 to 24 in. clumps	3	00	28	00	260	00
2 to 3 ft. clumps	5	00	44	00	420	00
3 to 4 ft. clumps	7	50	70	00	650	00

laetevirens (wilsoni).

	E	ach	10)
18 to 24 in	.\$5	00	\$45	00
2 to 2½ ft	. 6	00	55	00

maximum. Great American Rosebay.

18 to 24 in. clumps\$	2	00	\$18	00	
2 to 3 ft. clumps	3	00	28	00	
3 to 4 ft. clumps	4	50	40	00	
4 to 5 ft. clumps	8	00			

myrtifolium. Myrtleleaf Rhododendron.

	·	Ea	ch	10
12 to 1	8 in	.\$4	00	\$36 00
18 to 2	24 in	5	00	45 00

PRICE LIST, continued

	1
TAXUS canadensis. Canadian Yew.	THUJA occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyra-
Each 10 100	midal Arborvitae.
6 to 9 in\$.75 \$7 00 \$60 00	18 to 24 in\$1 00 \$8 00 \$70 00
9 to 12 in 1 00 9 00 80 00	2 to 3 ft 1 50 14 00 120 00
12 to 15 in 1 50 12 00 115 00	3 to 4 ft 2 25 20 00 180 00
12 to 13 m 1 30 12 00 113 00	4 to 5 ft 3 50 32 00
cuspidata (capitata). Japanese Yew.	5 to 6 ft 5 00 44 00
Each 10	6 to 7 ft 7 00 60 00
9 to 12 in\$1 00 \$9 00	7 to 8 ft 9 00
12 to 18 in 2 00 18 00	occidentalis wareana. Ware Arborvitae.
12 to 10 in 2 00 10 00	Each 10 100
cuspidata brevifolia.	12 to 18 in\$.80 \$6 00 \$50 00
Each 10	
6 to 9 in\$1 50 \$12 00	orientalis elegantissima.
	Each 10
9 to 12 in 2 40 21 00	18 to 24 in\$1 25 \$10 00 2 to 3 ft 2 50 22 00
12 to 18 in 3 50	3 to 4 ft 4 00 38 00
	4 to 5 ft 6 00 56 00
THUJA occidentalis. American Arborvitae.	7 60 7 161
Each 10 100	
	TSUGA canadensis. Canadian Hemlock.
12 to 18 in\$.40 \$3 00 \$24 00	Each 10 100
12 to 18 in\$.40 \$3 00 \$24 00 18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00 3 to 4 ft 1 50 14 00 120 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00 3 to 4 ft 1 50 14 00 120 00 4 to 5 ft 2 50 20 00 180 00 5 to 6 ft 3 50 30 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00 3 to 4 ft 1 50 14 00 120 00 4 to 5 ft 2 50 20 00 180 00 5 to 6 ft 3 50 30 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00 3 to 4 ft 1 50 14 00 120 00 4 to 5 ft 2 50 20 00 180 00 5 to 6 ft 3 50 30 00 6 to 8 ft 4 50 40 00 8 to 9 ft 6 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in. \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in. 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft. 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft. 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft. 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft. 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft. 18 00
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft 18 00 caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock.
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in. \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in. 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft. 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft. 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft. 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft. 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft. 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft. 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft. 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft. 18 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00 3 to 4 ft 1 50 14 00 120 00 4 to 5 ft 2 50 20 00 180 00 5 to 6 ft 3 50 30 00 6 to 8 ft 4 50 40 00 8 to 9 ft 6 00 ccidentalis aurea. Golden Arborvitae. Each 10 4 to 5 ft \$3 00 5 to 6 ft \$3 00 5 to 6 ft 4 00 \$36 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft 18 00 caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. Each 10 100
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft 18 00 caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. Each 10 100 9 to 12 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$80 00 12 to 18 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 18 to 24 in 2 25 20 00 180 00
18 to 24 in 60 4 40 36 00 2 to 3 ft 1 00 7 00 50 00 3 to 4 ft 1 50 14 00 120 00 4 to 5 ft 2 50 20 00 180 00 5 to 6 ft 3 50 30 00 6 to 8 ft 4 50 40 00 8 to 9 ft 6 00 cccidentalis aurea. Golden Arborvitae. Each 10 4 to 5 ft \$3 00 5 to 6 ft \$4 00 \$36 00 6 to 7 ft 6 00	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft 18 00 caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. Each 10 100 9 to 12 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$80 00 12 to 18 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 18 to 24 in 2 25 20 00 180 00 2 to 3 ft 3 50 30 00 270 00
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft 18 00 caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. Each 10 100 9 to 12 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$80 00 12 to 18 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 18 to 24 in 2 25 20 00 180 00 2 to 3 ft 3 50 30 00 270 00 3 to 4 ft 6 00 50 00 450 00
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft 18 00 caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. Each 10 100 9 to 12 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$80 00 12 to 18 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 18 to 24 in 2 25 20 00 180 00 2 to 3 ft 3 50 30 00 270 00 3 to 4 ft 6 00 50 00 450 00 6 to 9 ft. extra specimens,
18 to 24 in 60	Each 10 100 12 to 18 in\$1 00 \$9 00 \$86 00 18 to 24 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 2 to 3 ft 2 00 18 00 176 00 3 to 4 ft 3 00 28 00 260 00 4 to 5 ft 4 50 42 00 400 00 5 to 6 ft 6 50 60 00 576 00 6 to 7 ft 8 50 80 00 760 00 7 to 8 ft 12 00 112 00 8 to 10 ft 15 00 140 00 10 to 12 ft 18 00 caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. Each 10 100 9 to 12 in \$1 00 \$9 00 \$80 00 12 to 18 in 1 50 14 00 132 00 18 to 24 in 2 25 20 00 180 00 2 to 3 ft 3 50 30 00 270 00 3 to 4 ft 6 00 50 00 450 00



Photo by H. P. K.

Mass of MOUNTAIN LAUREL with Conifer background at Arnold Arboretum



Graceful sprays of LEUCOTHOE CATESBAEI

Address all orders and correspondence to HARLAN P. KELSEY, SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS